

# **IEST REPORT**

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# **ASTM E84-04**

# SURFACE BURNING CHARACTERISTICS OF BUILDING MATERIALS

Report No. 17212 - 124382

Rust Bullet Rust Inhibitive Coating

April 27, 2005

Prepared for: Rust Bullet, LLC 300 Brinkby Avenue Suite 200 Reno, NV 89509



#### ABSTRACT

Test Specimen: Rust Bullet Rust Inhibitive Coating

Test Standard: **ASTM E84-04** 

April 14, 2005 Test Date:

Rust Bullet, LLC Test Sponsor:

Test Results:

FLAME SPREAD INDEX 0 5 SMOKE DEVELOPED INDEX

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Eric G. Hutchinson

E84 Operator

Reviewed and approved:

William E Fitch PE No. 55296

April 27, 2005

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#### INTRODUCTION

This report describes the results of the ASTM E84-04 Standard Test Method for SURFACE BURNING CHARACTERISTICS OF BUILDING MATERIALS, a method for determining the comparative surface burning behavior of building materials. This test is applicable to exposed surfaces, such as ceilings or walls, provided that the material or assembly of materials, by its own structural quality or the manner in which it is tested and intended for use, is capable of supporting itself in position or being supported during the test period.

The purpose of the method is to determine the relative burning behavior of the material by observing the flame spread along the specimen. Flame spread and smoke density developed are reported, however, there is not necessarily a relationship between these two measurements.

"The use of supporting materials on the underside of the test specimen may lower the flame spread index from that which might be obtained if the specimen could be tested without such support. This method may not be appropriate for obtaining comparative surface burning behavior of some cellular plastic materials. Testing of materials that melt, drip, or delaminate to such a degree that the continuity of the flame front is destroyed, results in low flame spread indices that do not relate directly to indices obtained by testing materials that remain in place."

This test method is also published under the following designations:

ANSI 2.5 NFPA 255 UBC 8-1 (42-1) UL 723

This standard should be used to measure and describe the properties of materials, products, or assemblies in response to heat and flame under controlled laboratory conditions and should not be used to describe or appraise the fire hazard or fire risk of materials, products, or assemblies under actual fire conditions. However, results of this test may be used as elements of a fire risk assessment which takes into account all of the factors which are pertinent to an assessment of the fire hazard of a particular end use.



## II PURPOSE

The ASTM E84-04 (25 foot tunnel) test method is intended to compare the surface flame spread and smoke developed measurements to those obtained from tests of mineral fiber cement board and select grade red oak flooring. The test specimen surface (18 inches wide and 24 feet long) is exposed to a flaming fire exposure during the 10 minute test duration, while flame spread over its surface and den-sity of the resulting smoke are measured and recorded. Test results are presented as the computed comparisons to the standard calibration materials.

The furnace is considered under calibration when a 10 minute test of red oak decking will pass flame out the end of the tunnel in five minutes, 30 seconds, plus or minus 15 seconds. Mineral fiber cement board forms the zero point for both flame spread and smoke developed indexes, while the red oak flooring smoke developed index is set as 100.

#### III DESCRIPTION OF TEST SPECIMEN

Specimen Identification: Rust Bullet Rust Inhibitive Coating

Date Received: 3/24/2005
Date Prepared: 2/23/2005

Conditioning (73°F & 50% R.H.): 50 days

Specimen Width (in): 24
Specimen Length (ft): 24
Specimen Thickness: 0.2735-in.

Material Weight: N/A oz./sq. yd

Total Specimen Weight: 85.50-lbs.

Adhesive or coating application rate: 12 mils dry film thickness

# Mounting Method:

The specimen was self-supporting and was placed directly on the inner ledges of the tunnel.

# Specimen Description:

The Test specimen was described by the client as the "Metallic Pigmented Coating." The specimen consisted of (3) 8-ft. long x 24-in. wide x 0.2735-in. thick, Rust Bullet, Rust Inhibitive Coating applied to tunnel board. The coating was applied to the cementitious substrate in 2 coats and allowing 5 hours of cure time between coats as specified by the client. The dry film thickness of the coating at the time of testing was 12 mils. The Rust Bullet coating was silver in color. The dry film thickness was calculated by taking the known thickness of the tunnel board in millimeters, next the thickness in millimeters was multiplied by 0.03997 which equals 0.0119-in. dry film thickness.



#### IV TEST PROCEDURE

The tests were conducted in accordance with the procedures outlined in the American Society for Testing and Materials ASTM E84-04. The self- supporting specimens were placed directly on the tunnel ledges. After the tests, the samples were removed from the tunnel, examined and disposed of.

The test was conducted on 4/14/2005, and not witnessed by any third parties.

#### V TEST RESULTS

The test results, computed on the basis of observed flame front advance and electronic smoke density measurements are presented in the following table. In recognition of possible variations and limitations of the test method, the results are computed to the nearest number divisible by five, as outlined in the test method for smoke developed index results greater than 200 the calculated value is rounded to the nearest 50 points.

While no longer a part of this standard test method, the Fuel Contributed Value has been computed, and may be found on the computer printout sheet in the Appendix.

	Flame Spread	Smoke
Test Specimen	Index	Developed Index
Mineral Fiber Cement Board	0	0
Red Oak Flooring	100	90
Rust Bullet Rust Inhibitive Coating	0	5

The data sheets are included in the Appendix. These sheets are actual print-outs of the computerized data system which monitors the ASTM E84-04 apparatus, and contain all calibration and specimen data needed to calculate the test results.



#### VI OBSERVATIONS

During the test, the specimen was observed to behave in the following manner: The Rust Inhibitive Coating began to blister at 1:02 (min:sec.). The coating began to char at 2:12 (min:sec.). The test continued for the 10:00 duration.

After the test the specimen was observed to be damaged as follows: The coating was charred from 0-ft. - 10-ft., and blistered from 0-ft. - 12-ft. Light discoloration was observed to the coating from 13-ft. - 24-ft.



# **APPENDIX**

ASTM E84-04 Data Sheets



# **ASTM E84 DATASHEETS**

Client: RUST BULLET, LLC

Date: 4/14/05

Time: 03:33 PM

Test Number: 4

Project Number: 17212-124382

Operator: EH/TA

Specimen ID: "RUST BULLET RUST INHIBITIVE COATING, METALLIC PIGMENTED

COATING." THE SPECIMEN WAS SELF SUPPORTING.

## **TEST RESULTS**

FLAMESPREAD INDEX: 0

SMOKE DEVELOPED INDEX: 5

## SPECIMEN DATA . . .

Time to Ignition (sec): 0

Time to Max FS (sec): 44

Maximum FS (feet): 0.0

Time to 980 °F (sec): Never Reached

Max Temperature (°F): 567

Time to Max Temperature (sec): 591

Total Fuel Burned (cubic feet): 51.08

FS\*Time Area (ft\*min): 0.1

Smoke Area (%A\*min): 5.9

Fuel Area (°F\*min): 5096.9

Fuel Contributed Value: 6

Unrounded FSI: 0.1

# CALIBRATION DATA . . .

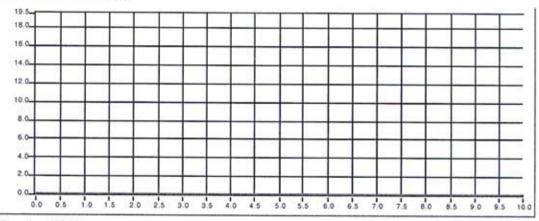
Time to Ignition of Last Red Oak (sec): 37

Red Oak Smoke Area (%A\*min): 90.00

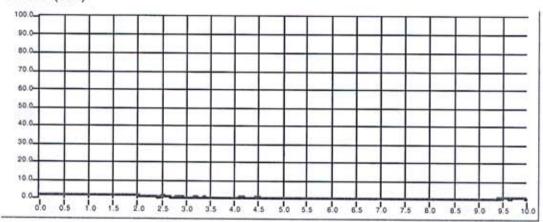
Red Oak Fuel Area (°F\*min): 8553

Glass Fiber Board Fuel Area (°F\*min): 4885

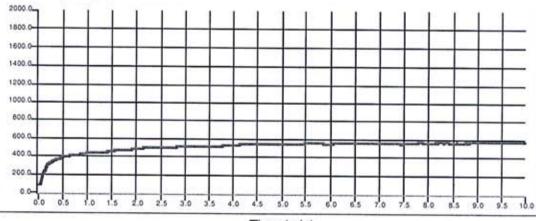
FLAME SPREAD (ft)



# Smoke (%A)



# Temperature (°F)



Time (min)